

## DIVISION AND MULTIPLICATION FACTS SHEET 1



Multiplication and division are inverse operations of each other.

Change each division fact to two different multiplication facts.

*Example:  $4 \times 5 = 20$  means that  $20 \div 4 = 5$  and  $20 \div 5 = 4$ .*

1)	$4 \times 3 = 12$	means	$12 \div 4 = 3$	and	$12 \div 3 = 4$
2)	$5 \times 2 = 10$	means		and	
3)	$6 \times 3 = 18$	means		and	
4)	$10 \times 4 = 40$	means		and	
5)	$3 \times 5 = 15$	means		and	
6)	$8 \times 2 = 16$	means		and	
7)	$7 \times 5 = 35$	means		and	
8)	$6 \times 10 = 60$	means		and	
9)	$5 \times 6 = 30$	means		and	
10)	$3 \times 9 = 27$	means		and	
11)	$4 \times 6 = 24$	means		and	
12)	$8 \times 3 = 24$	means		and	
13)	$2 \times 9 = 18$	means		and	
14)	$4 \times 9 = 36$	means		and	
15)	$6 \times 7 = 42$	means		and	

Name

Date

## DIVISION AND MULTIPLICATION FACTS

## SHEET 1 ANSWERS

*Please note - the order of the two answers does not matter.*

1)	$4 \times 3 = 12$	means	$12 \div 4 = 3$	and	$12 \div 3 = 4$
2)	$5 \times 2 = 10$	means	$10 \div 5 = 2$	and	$10 \div 2 = 5$
3)	$6 \times 3 = 18$	means	$18 \div 6 = 3$	and	$18 \div 3 = 6$
4)	$10 \times 4 = 40$	means	$40 \div 10 = 4$	and	$40 \div 4 = 10$
5)	$3 \times 5 = 15$	means	$15 \div 3 = 5$	and	$15 \div 5 = 3$
6)	$8 \times 2 = 16$	means	$16 \div 8 = 2$	and	$16 \div 2 = 8$
7)	$7 \times 5 = 35$	means	$35 \div 7 = 5$	and	$35 \div 5 = 7$
8)	$6 \times 10 = 60$	means	$60 \div 6 = 10$	and	$60 \div 10 = 6$
9)	$5 \times 6 = 30$	means	$30 \div 5 = 6$	and	$30 \div 6 = 5$
10)	$3 \times 9 = 27$	means	$27 \div 3 = 9$	and	$27 \div 9 = 3$
11)	$4 \times 6 = 24$	means	$24 \div 4 = 6$	and	$24 \div 6 = 4$
12)	$8 \times 3 = 24$	means	$24 \div 8 = 3$	and	$24 \div 3 = 8$
13)	$2 \times 9 = 18$	means	$18 \div 2 = 9$	and	$18 \div 9 = 2$
14)	$4 \times 9 = 36$	means	$36 \div 4 = 9$	and	$36 \div 9 = 4$
15)	$6 \times 7 = 42$	means	$42 \div 6 = 7$	and	$42 \div 7 = 6$